## references&tools

## **FREQUENCY NOMENCLATURE:** Kilohertz to Terahertz

IEEE	<b>BAND ALLOCA</b>	TIONS *1
BAND	f	λ
HF	3MHz	100m
VHF	30MHz	10m
UHF	300MHz	1m
L	1GHz	300mm
S	2GHz	150mm
С	4GHz	75mm
Х	8GHz	37.5mm
Ku	12GHz	25mm
K	18GHz	16.7mm
Ka	27GHz	11.1mm
V	40GHz	7.5mm
W	75GHz	4mm
mm	110GHz	2.73mm

EU-NA	TO- US ECM	BANDS *2
BAND	f	λ
A	0 GHz	0.0m
В	.25 GHz	1.2m
С	.5 GHz	0.6m
D	1GHz	300mm
E	2GHz	150mm
F	3GHz	100mm
G	4GHz	75mm
Н	6GHz	50mm
	8GHz	37.5mm
J	10GHz	30mm
K	20GHz	15mm
L	40GHz	7.5mm
Μ	60GHz	5mm

ITU B/	ND ALLOCAT	IONS *3
BAND	f	λ
4	3kHz	100km
5	30kHz	10km
6	300kHz	1km
7	3MHz	100m
8	30MHz	10m
9	300MHz	1m
10	3GHz	100mm
11	30GHz	10mm
12	300GHz	1mm

\*1 The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) uses band designations derived from early military use, and has adapted its nomenclature for higher frequency regimes.

\*2 The European Union (EU), North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), and some United States Electronic Countermeasures (ECM) companies use a band designations using the letters "A" through "M".

\*3 The International Telecommunications Union uses numbered band designations from 4 through 12 that is based upon the decades of the relevant electromagnetic radiation wavelengths for radio operation.

\*4 The "Commone Ranges" section is taken from leading informational sources on Microwaves/RF, as well as company websites from product definitions.

See MWRF References and Tools piece titled, "Frequency Spectrum", for more details on the electromagnetic spectrum.

	<b>2</b>	3	kHz	100	km
	6	6 9	kHz kHz	50 33.3	km km
	E	12	kHz	25	km
	Ζц.	15	kHz	20	km
	<b>Z</b> 5	18	kHz	16.7	km
		21	kHz	14.3	km
	0	24 27	kHz	12.5 11.1	km
	2	30	kHz	10	km km
		60	kHz	5	km
	2	90	kHz	3.33	km
	CAD	120	kHz	2.5	km
	<mark>с</mark> г	150 180	kHz	2 1.67	km
		210	kHz	1.43	km km
		240	kHz	1.25	km
		270	kHz	1.11	km
		300	kHz	1	km
		600	kHz	500 333	m
		1200	kHz	250	m m
		1500	kHz	200	m
	μ	1800	kHz	167	m
	~	2100	kHz	143	m
		2400	kHz	125	m
		3000	kHz	111 100	m m
		5000	MHZ	50	m
		9	MHz	33.3	m
		12	MHz	25	m
	ш	15	MHz	20	m
	Ψ	18	MHz	16.7	m
		21 24	MHz MHz	14.3 12.5	m
		24	MHz	11.1	m m
		30	MHz	10	m
		60	MHz	5	m
		90	MHz	3.33	m
		120	MHz	2.5	m
	ΉF	150 180	MHz MHz	2 1.67	m m
	⇒	210	MHz	1.43	m
		240	MHz	1.25	m
		270	MHz	1.11	m
		300	MHz	1	m
		600		500	mm
		900 1200	MHz	333 250	mm mm
	ш	1500	MHz	200	mm
	Ŧ	1800	MHz	167	mm
	ر	2100	MHz	143	mm
		2400	MHz	125	mm
		2700 3000	MHz MHz	111 100	mm
		6	GHz	50	mm mm
		9	GHz	33.3	mm
		12	GHz	25	mm
	뿌	15	GHz	20	mm
	SHF	18 21	GHz	<u>16.7</u> 14.3	mm
		24	GHz	12.5	mm mm
		27	GHz	11.1	mm
		30	GHz	10	mm
		60	GHz	5	mm
	EHF	90	GHz	3.33	mm
		120 150	GHz GHz	<u>2.5</u> 2	mm mm
		180	GHz	1.67	mm
	ш	210	GHz	1.43	mm
		240	GHz	1.25	mm
		270	GHz	1.11	mm
		300 600	GHZ	1 500	mm um
		900	GHz	333	um
	r	1200	GHz	250	um
	L.	1500	GHz	200	um
	'HF-FIR	1800	GHz	167	um
	Ť	2100 2400	GHz	143 125	um
		2700	GHZ	125	um um
		3000	GHz	100	um
			-1		

**COMMON RANGES** 

RE		DM
BY WAVELENGTH Kilometer-Waves (k-Waves)	BY FREQUENCY Kilohertz-Waves (Kilo-Waves)	LEGEND Spectrum #1 U1 #3 U3 #2 U2 #4 U4 #1 & #2: Frequencies U1 & U2: Frequency Units #3 & #4: Wavelengths U3 & U4: Wavelength Units Decades VLF Very Low Frequency LE
Meter-Waves m-Waves	Megahertz-Waves (Mega-Waves)	LF Low Frequency MF Medium Frequency HF High Frequency VHF Very High Frequency UHF Ultra High Frequency SHF Super High Frequency EHF Extremely High Frequency High Frequency High Frequency Far Infrared
Millimeter-Waves (mm-Waves)	Gigahertz-Waves (Giga-Waves)	Commons Radio Frequency Microwaves Millimeter- Waves Terahertz Frequency Kilometer-Waves (k-waves) Millimeter-Waves (m-Waves) Millimeter-Waves (m-Waves) Millimeter-Waves (mm-Waves)
Micrometer-Waves (um-Waves)	Terahertz-Waves (Tera-Waves)	Kilohertz-Waves (Kilo-Waves) Gigahertz-Waves (Giga-Waves) Megahertz-Waves (Mega-Waves) Terahertz- Waves (Tera-Waves)